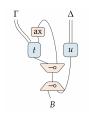
# A Mathematical Theory of Term Relations

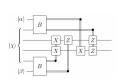
Francesco Gavazzo

University of Padua

# **Syntactic and Operational Semantics**

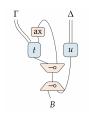
LOAD r1,b; RET x += x; return x  $\Lambda \alpha . \lambda(x : \alpha).x : \forall \alpha . \alpha \rightarrow \alpha$   $\Pi(x : A). refl(x) : x =_A x$ 

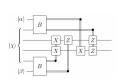




# **Syntactic and Operational Semantics**

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#### **Operational** = Meaning through **computation**

**Syntactic** = Definitions based on **syntax** (no denotations, no machines)

$$\Gamma \vdash t \rhd \mathtt{T} \quad (\lambda \mathtt{x}.\mathsf{t})\mathtt{s} \to \mathtt{t}[\mathtt{s}/\mathtt{x}]$$







#### **Operational** = Meaning through **computation**

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$$\Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \rhd \mathsf{T} \quad (\lambda \mathsf{x}.\mathsf{t}) \mathsf{s} \to \mathsf{t} [\mathsf{s}/\mathsf{x}]$$





 $Y \simeq \Theta$ 

# Key semantic behaviours (Deep Invariants of Syntax)

Type safety Consistency Congruence
Cut Elimination (Confluence + Termination) Parametricity

 $\underline{\textbf{Q}}.$  What is the general theory of operational semantics?

• What is its 'initial algebra semantics'?

**Q**. What is the **general theory** of **operational semantics**?

• What is its 'initial algebra semantics'?

A. We still don't know!

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Mainstream approach: Proof-Theoretic Semantics

- (G)SOS: (Categorical) Structural Rules
- Reduction Semantics: (Categorical) Rewriting

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# $\textbf{Today} \rightarrow \textbf{Relational Foundation}$

# Relational Foundation: Why?

 $\underline{\mathbf{1}}$ . Semantics given as relations on syntactic terms  $\rightarrow$  Term Relations

$$\mathsf{t} \to \mathsf{s} \quad \mathsf{t} \ \!\!\! \downarrow \mathsf{s} \quad \Gamma \vdash \mathsf{t} \rhd T \quad \Gamma \vdash T \quad \mathsf{t} \simeq \mathsf{s} \quad \mathsf{t} \gtrapprox \mathsf{s} \quad \mathsf{t} =_{\varepsilon} \mathsf{s}$$

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2. Semantic meta-theory as properties of term relations

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2. Semantic meta-theory as properties of term relations

$$\begin{array}{ll} \text{Type Safety} & \frac{\mathtt{t} \, \triangleright \, \mathtt{T} \quad \mathtt{t} \, \rightarrow \, \mathtt{s}}{\mathtt{s} \, \triangleright \, \mathtt{T}} & \leftarrow; \, \triangleright \, \subseteq \, \triangleright \\ \\ \text{Congruence} & \frac{\mathtt{t}_1 \, \simeq \, \mathtt{s}_1, \ldots, \mathtt{t}_n \, \simeq \, \mathtt{s}_n}{C[\mathtt{t}_1, \ldots, \mathtt{t}_n] \, \simeq \, C[\mathtt{s}_1, \ldots, \mathtt{s}_n]} & \stackrel{\simeq}{\simeq} \, \subseteq \, \simeq \\ \\ \text{Confluence} & \frac{\mathtt{t}_1 \, \leftarrow \, \mathtt{t} \, \rightarrow \, \mathtt{t}_2}{\exists \mathtt{s}. \, \mathtt{t}_1 \, \rightarrow \, \mathtt{s} \, \leftarrow \, \mathtt{t}_2} & \leftarrow; \, \rightarrow \, \subseteq \, \rightarrow; \, \leftarrow \\ \end{array}$$

- 3. Relational Proof Techniques
  - Tait-Martin-Löf (confluence)
  - Howe's method (congruence)
  - Logical Relations (parametricity)

 $\underline{\mathbf{Q}}.$  Why no relational foundation, then?

- **Q.** Why no relational foundation, then?
- A. Term relations are language-dependent and syntax-dependent
  - Relations in context, Type-respecting relations, . . .

#### Based on syntax-specific operations

- Pattern-matching
- Unification and substitution

Built proof-theoretically © Operational semantics as proof-theoretic semantics

- Induction, finitary rules (type elaboration, reduction)
- Coinduction, inifinitary rules (bisimilarity, ω-reduction)
- Impredicativity, HO quantification (contextual equivalence, Leibniz equality)

**NB.**  $\lambda$ -calculus example of all of that!

No general and syntax-independent notion of term relation

Term relations are useful **language-specific technique** rather than an independent **mathematical object** 

#### This Talk:

- Mathematical Theory of Term Relations
- Outline of a relational foundation of Operational Semantics

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### Methodology



# Relational Algebraic Theory of Syntax

# Step 1: Relational Syntax

Term Relations = Syntactically-defined Relations on Syntactic Terms

Term Relations = Structurally -defined Relations on Syntactic Structures

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Term Relations = Structurally -defined Relations on Syntactic Structures

Universe of Terms	Topos $\mathcal{E}$ (Set, Set <sup>Ctx</sup> , Nom)						
Atomic Terms	$\mathcal{E}$ -object $V$						
Term Constructs	Signature Functor $\Sigma: \mathcal{E} \to \mathcal{E}$						
Terms	Initial $(V + \Sigma)$ -algebra Free monad $\Sigma^{\dagger}V = \mu x.V + \Sigma x$						

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 $\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{Term Interpretation} \\ Hom_{\mathcal{E}}(\Sigma^{\dagger}V, -) \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{Term Relation} \\ Rel_{\mathcal{E}}(\Sigma^{\dagger}V, \Sigma^{\dagger}V) \end{array}$ 

#### Relational Extension

Topos 
$$\mathcal{E}$$
  $\rightarrow$  Allegory  $Rel(\mathcal{E})$   $(\Delta, a \; ; b, a^{\circ}, \bigcup_{i} a_{i}, \bigcap_{i} a_{i})$ 

Functor  $\Sigma : \mathcal{E} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$   $\rightarrow$  Relator  $\overline{\Sigma} : Rel(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow Rel(\mathcal{E})$ 

Initial  $F$ -algebra  $\rightarrow$  Relational Initial  $\overline{F}$ -algebra  $V + \Sigma(\Sigma^{\dagger}V)^{\overline{V+\Sigma}}(a) \longrightarrow V + \Sigma(A)$   $[\eta, \sigma] \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow a$   $\Sigma^{\dagger}V \xrightarrow{} A$ 

Monad  $(\mathcal{R}, \eta, \rho)$   $\rightarrow$  Lax monad  $(\overline{\mathcal{R}}, \eta, \rho)$   $\Sigma^{\dagger}\Sigma^{\dagger}V \xrightarrow{\rho} \Sigma^{\dagger}V$   $\overline{\Sigma^{\dagger}\Sigma^{\dagger}}a \downarrow \subseteq \sqrt{\Sigma^{\dagger}a}$ 

Algebraic Syntax	Relational Syntax					
Topos $\mathcal E$	Allegory ${\mathcal A}$					
&-object	Я-object					
Functor $\Sigma: \mathcal{E} \to \mathcal{E}$	Relator $\Gamma:\mathcal{A}\to\mathcal{A}$					

## <u>NB</u>. Algebraic and relational views are **equivalent**

$$(\mathcal{E},F) \longrightarrow (Rel(\mathcal{E}),\overline{F})$$

$$(\mathit{Map}(\mathcal{A}), \mathit{U}\Gamma) \longleftarrow (\mathcal{A}, \Gamma)$$

# Step 2: Structure of Term Relations

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{Structure} & \varphi: F(\Sigma^\dagger V, \dots, \Sigma^\dagger V) \to \Sigma^\dagger V \text{ in } \mathcal{E} \\ \hline \textbf{Operation} & \Phi: Rel(\mathcal{E})(\Sigma^\dagger V, \Sigma^\dagger V)^n \to Rel(\mathcal{E})(\Sigma^\dagger V, \Sigma^\dagger V) \end{array}$$

 $\Phi(a_1,\ldots,a_n)$  pattern-matches F-terms in  $\Sigma^\dagger V$ 

McCarthy's Analytic Syntax

How many structures for syntax?

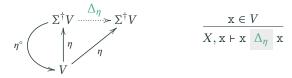
Atoms	$\eta:V o\Sigma^\dagger V$
Term Constructs	$\sigma: \Sigma(\Sigma^{\dagger}V) \to \Sigma^{\dagger}V$
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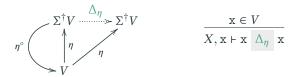
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#### **Compatible Refinement**

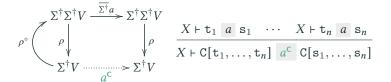
#### Atom Co-Reflexive



#### **Atom Co-Reflexive**



#### Context



# Basic account of relational use of syntax

- $\blacksquare$  A piece of syntax is (variable | operator |  $\cdots$  ), if I use it as (variable | operator |  $\cdots$  )
- Relations as actions (Pratt) as manipulations

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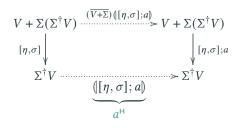
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**Algebraic Syntax**:  $\Delta = \Delta_{\eta} \cup \widetilde{\Delta}$ 

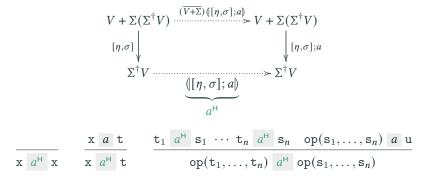
**Structural Induction**:  $\Delta_{\eta} \cup \widetilde{a} \subseteq a \implies \Delta_{\eta} \subseteq a$ 

**Congruence**:  $\widetilde{a} \subseteq a$ 

Free Monad:  $a^{c} = \mu x. \Delta_{\eta} \cup a \cup \widetilde{x}$ 



		c a	t	$t_1$	$a^{H}$	$s_1$	• • •	$t_n$	$a^{H}$	$s_n$	$op(s_1, \ldots, s_n)$	a	u
x a <sup>H</sup>	_ x x	$a^{H}$	t			op(	$t_1,.$	,-	$t_n)$	$a^{H}$	$op(s_1,\ldots,s_n)$		



 $a^{H}$  is the **Howe Extension** of  $a \rightarrow$  Congruence of Bisimilarity

$$V + \Sigma(\Sigma^{\dagger}V) \xrightarrow{(\overline{V+\Sigma})([\eta,\sigma];a)} V + \Sigma(\Sigma^{\dagger}V)$$

$$[\eta,\sigma] \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow [\eta,\sigma];a$$

$$\Sigma^{\dagger}V \xrightarrow{([\eta,\sigma];a)} \Sigma^{\dagger}V$$

 $a^{\rm H}$  is the Howe Extension of  $a \to {\rm Congruence}$  of Bisimilarity  $(\to \cup \Delta)^{\rm H}$  is Parallel Reduction  $\to {\rm Tait-Martin-L\"of}$  Technique

$$a[\Delta]^{\circ}; a[\Delta] \subseteq \Delta \ \& \ a[\Delta]^{\circ}; \widetilde{a^{\mathsf{H}}} \subseteq a^{\circ}[a^{\mathsf{H}}] \implies a^{\mathsf{H} \circ}; a^{\mathsf{H}} \subseteq a^{\mathsf{H}}; a^{\mathsf{H} \circ}$$

# Step 3: Calculus of Term Relations

Collection of operations on  $Rel(\mathcal{E})(\Sigma^{\dagger}V, \Sigma^{\dagger}V)$ 

$$(\Delta,;,\cdot^{\circ},\bigcup,\bigcap) + (\Delta_{\eta},\widetilde{\cdot},\cdot^{\mathsf{H}},\cdot^{\mathsf{C}})$$

pure relational operations

term relation operations

#### Subject to simple calculational laws

$$\begin{array}{c} \Delta_{\eta} \subseteq \Delta \\ \widetilde{a}; \widetilde{b} = \widetilde{a;b} \\ \widetilde{a}^{\circ} = \widetilde{a}^{\circ} \\ \\ \Delta_{\eta}; \widetilde{a} = \bot \\ \widetilde{a^{*}} \subseteq \widetilde{a \cup \Delta}^{*} \\ \\ a \subseteq b \implies \widetilde{a} \subseteq \widetilde{b} \\ \\ \Delta^{\mathsf{H}} = \Delta \\ \\ a; (\Delta_{\eta} \cup \widetilde{b}) \subseteq b \implies a^{\mathsf{H}} \subseteq b \\ \\ \Delta_{\eta} \cup a \cup \widetilde{b} \subseteq b \implies a^{\mathsf{C}} \subseteq b \end{array}$$

# Step 4: Term Relation Algebras

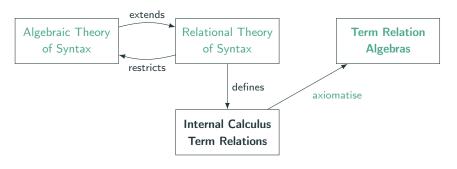
Calculus of Term Relations internal to  $Rel(\mathcal{E})(\Sigma^{\dagger}V, \Sigma^{\dagger}V)$ 

- Building blocks and reasoning principles of term relations
- Isolates the very **structure** of term relations

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# Term Relation Algebras

TRAs give a synthetic and pointfree theory of term relations

- Just one kind of object: relations
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#### TRAs are easy to use

Directly endow conrete formalisms with TRA structure

Quasi-equational reasoning → mechanised semantics

# TRAs capture **operational use** of syntax

Atoms	$\eta: V \to \Sigma^{\dagger} V$	
Term Constructs	$\sigma: \Sigma(\Sigma^{\dagger}V) \to \Sigma^{\dagger}V$	
Contexts	$\rho: \Sigma^{\dagger}(\Sigma^{\dagger}V) \to \Sigma^{\dagger}V$	
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Substitution	Modules over monads	
	Heterogenous Systems	
Linear Contexts	$\lambda: \Sigma^{\dagger} V \times d \Sigma(\Sigma^{\dagger} V) \to \Sigma^{\dagger} V$	

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No matter which structure used for substitution:  $a[b] = \zeta^{\circ}$ .  $(a \overline{\otimes} b); \zeta$ 

$$(a;c)[b;d]\subseteq a[b];c[d] \quad (a[b])[c]=a[b[c]] \qquad \qquad \widetilde{a}[b]\subseteq \widetilde{a[b]} \\ a[b]^\circ=a^\circ[b^\circ] \qquad \qquad \Delta_\eta[a]=a=a[\Delta_\eta] \qquad \qquad a[b]\subseteq c \iff a\subseteq b\gg c$$

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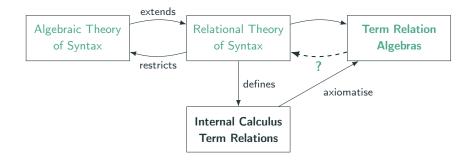
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$$(a;c)[b;d] \subseteq a[b];c[d] \quad (a[b])[c] = a[b[c]] \qquad \qquad \widetilde{a}[b] \subseteq \widetilde{a[b]}$$
 
$$a[b]^{\circ} = a^{\circ}[b^{\circ}] \qquad \qquad \Delta_{\eta}[a] = a = a[\Delta_{\eta}] \qquad \qquad a[b] \subseteq c \iff a \subseteq b \gg c$$

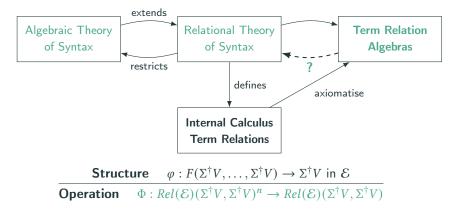
$$\mathtt{x}_1,\ldots,\mathtt{x}_n \vdash \mathtt{t} \mid a \gg b \mid \mathtt{s} \iff \forall \tau,\sigma. \ Y \vdash \tau(\mathtt{x}_i) \mid a \mid \sigma(\mathtt{x}_i) \implies Y \vdash \mathtt{t}[\tau] \mid b \mid \mathtt{s}[\sigma]$$

Relations

# Relational Syntax, Revisited

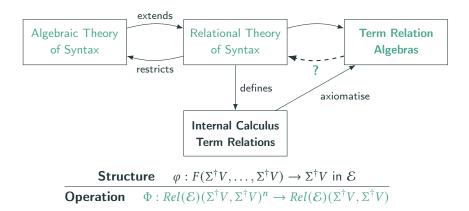


# Relational Syntax, Revisited



Q. How much information do we loose?

# Relational Syntax, Revisited



Q. How much information do we loose?

A. No relevant information is lost

**Representation Theorem.** Any TRA arises as the algebra of term relations of a syntactic structure.

# Expressiveness

#### How Far Can We Go?

Q. How much operational semantics can we within TRAs?

	Atoms	
$\alpha$ TRA	Operators	
	Contexts	
$\sigma$ TRA	Substitution	
∂TRA	Linear Contexts	

Enough for rewriting, congruence, equational deduction

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What about

program statics and program dynamics?

Behavioural equivalences

Computational interpretation of proofs?

# A Computational Pre-Theory of Syntax

Martin-Löf (Constructive Mathematics and Computer Programming)

	Intro Forms		abs(x)
Operators	Elim Forms	∫majo arg.	$app_n(ullet, \circ)$
	Liiii Toriiis	minor arg.	$app_v(ullet,ullet)$
Terms	Complete		$\emptyset \vdash lam(x.x)$
Terms	Incomplete		$x \vdash app_n(x, x)$
Computation	Gentzen's Principle		elim(intro, -)
			major

Intro Forms	$I:\mathcal{E} \to \mathcal{E}$	$\overline{a}$
Elim Forms	$E: \mathcal{E} \times \mathcal{E} \to \mathcal{E}$	$\langle a,b \rangle$
Complete Incomplete	$\mathcal{E}_0 \xrightarrow{\Delta} \mathcal{E}  \Delta \dashv U$	□ + ♦
Gentzen's Principle		$a \subseteq \langle \overline{\Delta}, \Delta \rangle; a$

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## $\varphi$ TRA

About 25 axioms (but they are decreasing)

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Subsumes other TRAs (e.g.  $\widetilde{a} = \overline{a} \cup \langle a, a \rangle$ )

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#### $\varphi$ TRA

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Many examples

□ CbN, CbV, FG-CbV □ □ λΠ

System  $F\mu$  System  $(\varsigma$ -calculus)

■ Natural Deduction

# Expressiveness

#### **Dynamic Semanrics**

$$a^{\mathsf{E}} = \mu x.\overline{\Delta} \cup \langle x, \Delta \rangle; a; x$$

Program Equivalence (kleene, Applicative, ...)

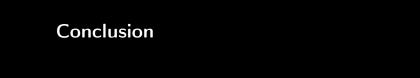
$$=_{\mathsf{KI}} = a^{\mathsf{E}\circ}; a^{\mathsf{E}}$$
  
 $\gtrapprox = \nu x. (a^{\mathsf{E}}; \overline{\Delta \gg x})/a^{\mathsf{E}}$ 

#### **Static Semantics**

Peliminary Results (type elaboration as evaluation)

# **Theorem** $\gtrapprox$ is a congruence: $\widetilde{\gtrless} \subseteq \gtrapprox$ Proof. Prove $\gtrapprox^{\mathsf{H}}$ ; $a^{\mathsf{E}} \subseteq a^{\mathsf{E}}$ ; $\overline{\Delta} \gg \gtrapprox^{\mathsf{H}}$

$\Box a^{\S}; b; c$	
$\leq \Box(\Diamond a; \widehat{a^{\S}}); b; c$	(§3)
$\leq \Box \Diamond a ; \Box \widehat{a^{\S}} ; b ; c$	(K1)
$= a ; \square \widehat{a^{\S}} ; b ; c$	(K19) since $a = \Box a$
$= a ; \square \widehat{a^{\S}} ; \square b ; c$	$\Box b = b$
$= a ; \square(\widehat{a^{b}}; b) ; c$	(K1)
$\leq a ; \square(\widehat{a^{\S}}; \langle K, \Delta \rangle; b) ; c$	Inv
$\leq a$ ; $\square(\langle a^{\S}, a^{\S} \rangle; \langle K, \Delta \rangle; b)$ ; $c$	(C19)
$\leq a ; \Box (a^{\S}; K, a^{\S}) ; b ; c$	(C4)
$= a ; \square \square \langle a^{\S} ; K, a^{\S} \rangle ; b ; c$	(K7)
$\leq a$ ; $\square (\square a^{\S}; \square K, \square a^{\S})$ ; $\square b$ ; $c$	(C8) and (K1)
$= a ; \square (\square a^{\S} ; K, \square a^{\S}) ; b ; c$	$\square K = K$ and $\square b = b$
$\leq a ; \Box (b^x ; \widehat{a^{\S}}, \Box a^{\S}) ; b ; c$	$\Theta_1$
$= a ; \square \langle b^{k}, \Delta \rangle ; \langle \widehat{a^{\flat}}, \square a^{\flat} \rangle ; b ; c$	(C4)
$\leq a ; \Box(b^{x}) ; (\widehat{a^{\S}}, a^{\S}) ; b ; c$	(K6) and $\langle b^{\scriptscriptstyle E} \rangle = \langle b^{\scriptscriptstyle E}, \Delta \rangle$
$\leq a ; \Box (b^{z}) ; b ; a^{\S}[a^{\S}] ; c$	(Harmony), since $\widehat{a^{\S}} \leq \widehat{a^{\S}}$
$\leq a ; \Box (b^x) ; b ; a^5 ; c$	(§2)
$\leq a ; \Box \langle b^{x} \rangle ; \Box b ; \Box a^{\S} ; c$	(K1)
$\leq a; (b^{x}); b; \Box a^{5}; c$	(C17) and $\Box b^{\scriptscriptstyle E} = b$ and $\Box b = b$
$\leq a; \langle b^{x} \rangle; b; b^{x}; \widehat{a^{b}}$	1
$\leq a; b^{E}; \widehat{a^{g}}$	Definition of $b^{\pm}$
$\leq b^{\pi}$ ; $\widehat{\Diamond a}$ ; $\widehat{a^{\S}}$	1
$\leq b^{\pi}$ ; $\widehat{\Diamond a; a^{\S}}$	(E25)
$\leq b^{z}$ ; $\widehat{a^{g}}$	(H17)



# I Suspect I Am Late...

$$Syn \xrightarrow{\quad \mathsf{Syntax} \, \rightarrow \, \mathsf{Semantics} \quad \quad } \mathcal{R}el(Syn, Syn)$$

$$\mathbf{points}(\mathfrak{Y}) \longleftarrow \frac{\mathsf{Syntax} \leftarrow \mathsf{Semantics}}{\mathfrak{Y}}$$

# I Suspect I Am Late...

$$Syn \xrightarrow{\hspace{1cm} \mathsf{Syntax} \hspace{1cm} \to \hspace{1cm} \mathsf{Semantics}} \hspace{1cm} \hspace{1cm} \hspace{1cm} \hspace{1cm} \hspace{1cm} \hspace{1cm} \hspace{1cm} \mathsf{Rel}(Syn,Syn)$$
 
$$\hspace{1cm} \mathsf{points}(\mathfrak{A}) \xleftarrow{\hspace{1cm} \mathsf{Syntax} \leftarrow \hspace{1cm} \mathsf{Semantics}} \mathfrak{A}$$

#### A rich research agenda

2023: Allegories of Symbolic Manipulation

Now: Allegories of Operational Semantics

2025: Allegories of Rewriting

# I Suspect I Am Late...

#### A rich research agenda

2023: Allegories of Symbolic Manipulation

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Future Allegories of Static Semantics

Future Allegories of Computational Effects

Future Allegories of Computational Coeffects

Future Allegories of Mechanised Semantics