Towards Behavioural Types as Coalgebras

Henning Basold - Joint work with Alex Keizer and Jorge A. Pérez

EuroProofNet WG6 Kick-Off Meeting, Stockholm

2022 May 21

Introduction

Goal

Framework for typing channel-based concurrency

- Coalgebras model communication protocols as channel behaviour
- Functor determines observable channel behaviour
- Type of a channel *x* used by process *p* is a *state T* in a coalgebra

$$x: T \vdash p$$

- Coinductive predicates for subtyping, duality etc.
- Type system and syntax from finitely generated coalgebras (c.f., regular expressions)



• Semantics via coalgebraic techniques (final coalgebras, traces)

Protocol View of Mathematical Server



A Client Protocol for Mathematical Server



Subtyping: Another Client Protocol for Mathematical Server



Session delegation and session coalgebras



A Session Type System (Vasconcelos)

$$p ::= ?T. T T ::= d \in D | !T. T | end | & & {l_i : T_i}_{i \in I} | q p.T | & \oplus {l_i : T_i}_{i \in I} | X \in Var | & \mu X.T$$

$$q$$
 ::= lin | un

- *D* set of basic data types (int etc.)
- *I* finite sets of labels

Mathematical server:

$$\mu X. \& \begin{cases} mul: ?int.?int.!int. X\\ neg: ?bool.!bool. X\\ quit: end \end{cases}$$

Session Coalgebra Functor

- Operations: $O = \{ com, branch, end, bsc, par \}$
- Polarities: $P = \{in, out\}$
- Outputs A and branching B

$$A = \{ \operatorname{com} \} \times P \qquad B_{\operatorname{com},p} = \{ *, d \}$$
$$\cup \{ \operatorname{branch} \} \times P \times \mathcal{P}_{\omega}^{+}(\mathbb{L}) \qquad B_{\operatorname{branch},p,L} = L$$
$$\cup \{ \operatorname{end} \} \qquad B_{\operatorname{end}} = \emptyset$$
$$\cup \{ \operatorname{bsc} \} \times D \qquad B_{\operatorname{bsc},d} = \emptyset$$
$$\cup \{ \operatorname{par} \} \qquad B_{\operatorname{par}} = \mathbb{1}$$

$F: \mathbf{Set} \to \mathbf{Set}$	$F(X) = \prod_{i=1}^{n}$	X^{B_a}
	a∈A	

Session Types form Session Coalgebra

Session Coalgebra: Coalgebra for polynomial functor

 $c \colon X \to FX$

Syntactic Session Coalgebra

We can give a coalgebra

 c_{Type} : Type \rightarrow F(Type)

and then derive subtyping, type checking etc. as special cases for this coalgebra.

Subtyping in Session Coalgebras

Subtyping is a coinductive relation induced by h_{\sqsubseteq} : $\operatorname{Rel}_X \to \operatorname{Rel}_{F(X)}$

 $h_{\Box}(R) = \{ ((\operatorname{com}, in, f), (\operatorname{com}, in, g)) | f(*) R g(*) \text{ and } f(d) R g(d) \}$ $\cup \{ ((\operatorname{com}, out, f), (\operatorname{com}, out, g)) | f(*) R g(*) \text{ and } g(d) R f(d) \}$ $\cup \{ ((\operatorname{bsc}, d, f_{\emptyset}), (\operatorname{bsc}, d', f_{\emptyset})) | d \leq_{D} d' \}$ $\cup \{ ((\operatorname{end}, f_{\emptyset}), (\operatorname{end}, f_{\emptyset})) \}$

Subtyping Example



Decidability

Definition

For any state x of a coalgebra (X, c), the generated coalgebra $\langle x \rangle$ is the smallest subset of X which includes x and is closed under transitions.

Definition

A coalgebra (X, c) is *finitely generated* if $\langle x \rangle$ is finite for all $x \in X$.

Lemma

The coalgebra of types (Type, c_{Type}) is a finitely generated coalgebra.

Theorem

Equivalence, duality and subtying are decidable for finitely generated session coalgebras.

Type System for the π -Calculus

$$\frac{c(T) = (?, f) \qquad \Gamma, \ y : U, \ x : f(*) \vdash P \qquad f(d) \sqsubseteq U}{\Gamma, x : T \vdash x(y).P}$$
[T-IN]

$$\frac{c(T) = (!, f) \quad \Gamma, \ x : f(*) \vdash P \quad U \sqsubseteq f(d)}{\Gamma, x : T, y : U \vdash \overline{x} \langle y \rangle. P}$$
[T-OUT]

$$\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash P \quad \Gamma_2 \vdash Q}{\Gamma_1 \circ \Gamma_2 \vdash P \mid Q}$$
[T-Rep]

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Other Cool Things

- Definition of duality straightforward was wrong for a while on syntax
- Syntax via rational fixed point (analogous to regular expressions), well almost
- Context-free session types (sequential composition) via coalgebras for functor G

$$C_a = \begin{cases} \{d\}, & a = (\text{com}, p) \\ B_a, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \qquad G(X) = \left(\coprod_{a \in A} X^{C_a}\right) \times X^*$$

that adds a stack

- Functorial trace semantics and determinisation (remove stack)
- Paper: "Session Coalgebras: A Coalgebraic View on Session Types and Communication Protocols", To appear in TOPLAS or on my website

Future

- Generalise framework to other protocol presentations: typestates, mailbox types, other behavioural types, interface automata, Reo, etc.
- Example: Using presheaves instead of **Set** as base category for access permissions
- Example: Dependent types via fibrations
- Prove subject reduction etc. in general
- Investigate global properties like deadlocks
- Two levels of coalgebras:
 - (1) Types/protocols of channels
 - (2) Processes that use typed channels
- Coalgebraic approach to linear logic